

1.) Identification of the Mixture and of the Company

Product identifier: Tree Marking Paint - Aerosol

Product name:

Non-Fluorescent Colors	Fluorescent Colors
610 - Red	688 - Fluorescent Green
620 - Orange	690 - Fluorescent Red
630 - Yellow	691 - Fluorescent Pink
640 - Green	692 - Fluorescent Orange-Red
645 - Dark Green	693 - Fluorescent Yellow
650 - Blue	
660 - Black	
670 - White	

Relevant identified uses of the substance: Use for marking cut wood, trees, logs, railroad ties, pulpwood and finished lumber for grade and select cut marking.

Uses advised against: Poorly ventilated areas

CAS No: Not Applicable (mixture)
EC No: Not Applicable (mixture)
Index No: Not Applicable (mixture)

Manufacturer/Supplier: Aervoe Industries Incorporated

Street address/P.O. Box: 1100 Mark Circle

Country ID/Postcode/Place Gardnerville, Nevada 89410

Telephone number: 1-775-782-0100

e-mail: mailbox@aervoe.com

National contact: Aervoe Industries Incorporated

For Product Information: 1-800-227-0196

Emergency telephone number: 1-800-424-9300 (CHEMTREC – 24 hrs)

2. Hazards identification

Classifications

Physical Hazards: Aerosol - Category 1

Flam. Gas. 1 Press. Gas Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3

Health Hazards: Car 1B

Muta 1B Asp Tox. 1 Eye Irrit. - 2 Rep. 2 Skin Irr. 2 STOT SE3

STOT RE 2 (Fluor colors)

Environmental Hazards: Aquatic Chronic 2 (Fluors colors)

Labeling

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: H220 – Extremely flammable gas

H222 - Extremely flammable aerosol

H225 – Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H229 - Pressurized container: may burst if heated

H304-May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 – Harmful in contact with skin. (Regular colors)

H315 – Causes skin irritation.

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 – Harmful if inhaled.

H336 – May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340 – May cause genetic defects

H350 – May cause cancer

H361 – Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.(Fluors colors)

H373 – May cause damage to nervous system through prolonged or

repeated exposure(Inhalation) (Fluors colors)

H411 – Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. (Fluors colors)

Precautionary Statements: P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102 - Keep out of reach of children

P103 - Read label before use

P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces - no

smoking

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

P251 - Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray

P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing

P264 - Wash ... thoroughly after handling

P280 - Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin or hair, remove/takeoff immediately all

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P410+P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures

exceeding 50°C/122°F

P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with

local/regional/national/international regulation



Safety Data Sheet (SDS)

Date Prepared/Revised: 8/22/18 Version no.: 03 Supersedes: (8/10/2015)



Symbols/Pictograms:

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

Composition

Chemical	Synonyms	CAS Number	EINECS Number	Weight Percent	Hazard Category	H-Code
Regular colors contain:			rumber	Tercent		
Acetone	Propanone	67-64-1	200-662-2	30-60%	Flam. Liq. 2	H225,
					Eye Irrit. 2	H319,
					STOT SE 3	H336
Hydrocarbon	LPG	68476-86-8	270-705-8	10-30%	Press. Gas	H220
Propellant					Flam. Gas 1	H229
Aliphatic	Solvent	64742-89-8	265-192-2	7-13%	Flam Liq. 2	H224
Petroleum	Naphtha				Skin Irr. 2	H304
Distillates					Asp. Tox. 1	H315
					STOT SE 3	H336
					Aquatic Tox. 2	H411
Aliphatic	Solvent	8032-32-4	232-453-7	7-13%	Carc. 1B	H350
Petroleum	Naphtha				Muta. 1B	H340
Distillates					Asp. Tox. 1	H304
2-Butoxyethyl	Butyl Glycol	112-07-2	203-933-3	1-5%	Acute Tox. 4 *	H332
Acetate	Acetate				Acute Tox. 4 *	H312
n-Butyl	n-Butyl	123-86-4	204-658-1	1-5%	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
Acetate	Ester				STOT SE 3	H336
Fluor. Colors						
contain:						
Hydrocarbon	LPG	68476-86-8	270-705-8	30-60%	Press. Gas	H220
Propellant					Flam. Gas 1	H229
Hexane	n-Hexane	110-54-3	203-777-6	7-13%	Flam. Liq. 2	H225
					Repr. 2	H361f*
					Asp. Tox. 1	H304
					STOT RE 2 *	H373 **
					Skin Irrit. 2	(nervous
					STOT SE 3	system)
					Aquatic Chronic 2	(inhalatio
						n)
						H315
						H336
						H411
Aliphatic	Solvent	64742-89-8	265-192-2	7-13%	Flam Liq. 2	H224
Petroleum	Naphtha				Skin Irr. 2	H304
Distillates					Asp. Tox. 1	H315
					STOT SE 3	H336
					Aquatic Tox. 2	H411



Aliphatic	Solvent	64742-88-7	265-191-7	1-5%	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Petroleum	Naphtha					
Distillates						
Propylene	α-Propylene	57-55-6	200-338-0	1-5%	N/AV	N/AV
Glycol	Glycol					
Aliphatic	Solvent		232-453-7	1-5%	Carc. 1B	H350
Petroleum	Naphtha				Muta. 1B	H340
Distillates	_	8032-32-4			Asp. Tox. 1	H304

Other Product Information

Chemical Identity: Mixture

4.) First Aid Measures

General Advice: If symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

Inhalation First Aid: Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is

difficult. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably

mouth to mouth. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin Contact First Aid: Wash with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention immediately. Wash clothing before

reuse

Eye Contact First Aid: If contact with eyes, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water

for at least 15 minutes, while holding eyelids open. Get medical

attention immediately.

Ingestion First Aid: If swallowed, wash out mouth with water provided the person is

conscious. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth

to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Most Important

Symptoms/Effects: Exposure may cause slight irritation to the skin, eyes, and respiratory tract.

Excessive exposure may cause central nervous system effects.

5. Fire Fighting Measures

Flammable Properties: Aerosol Auto Ignition Temperature: Not Available

Suitable extinguishing media: Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: None known

Special hazards arising from the

substance or mixture:

None known

Hazardous combustion products: Carbon dioxide, Carbon monoxide

Fire & Explosion Hazards: Closed Containers may rupture due to the buildup of pressure

from extreme temperatures.

Precautions for fire-fighters: Use water spray to cool containers exposed to heat or fire to prevent

pressure build up. In the event of a fire, wear full protective clothing and

NIOSH- approved self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental Release Measures

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES:

- 1) Follow personal protective equipment recommendations found in section 8.
- 2) Maintain adequate ventilation.

SPILL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES:

- 1.) Evacuate unprotected personnel from the area.
- 2.) Remove sources of ignition if safe to do so.
- 3.) Pickup spilled materials using non-sparking tools and place in an appropriate container for disposal.
- 4.) Contain spill to prevent material from entering sewage or ground water systems.
- 5.) Always dispose of waste materials in accordance with all EU, National and Local Regulations.

7. Handling and Storage

Handling:

Flammable Aerosol, use in a well ventilated area.

Do not use near sources of ignition.

Do not to eat, drink and smoke while working with this material.

Wash hands after use.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Store out of direct sunlight.

Storage Temperature: 32° to 120°F (0° to 49°C).

No known incompatibilities.

8. Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure adequate ventilation. A system of local and/or general exhaust is recommended to keep employee exposures below the Airborne Exposure Limits.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Personal Protection:

Eye & face protection devices such as safety glasses, safety goggles or face shield are recommended.

Skin protection

Wear the appropriate protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Respiratory protection:

Use only in an adequately ventilated area. For unknown vapor concentrations use a positive-pressure, pressure-demand, self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Hazardous Ingredient	CAS	ACGIH	ACGIH TLV	OSHA	OSHA PEL
	Number	TLV (TWA)	(STEL)	PEL	(STEL)
				(TWA)	
Hydrocarbon Propellant	68476-86-8	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Hexane	110-54-3	50ppm	N/AV	500ppm	N/AV
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-89-8	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	64742-88-7	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Propylene Glycol	57-55-6	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV
Aliphatic Petroleum Distillates	8032-32-4	200ppm	250ppm	200ppm	N/AV
Acetone	67-64-1	500ppm	750ppm	1000ppm	N/AV
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	150ppm	200ppm	150ppm	N/AV
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	112-07-2	20ppm	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV

^{*}Values are based on the 2014 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values by ACGIH

9. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance: Color varies by product.	Odor: Hydrocarbon Odor
Odor Threshold: N/AV	pH: Not Applicable (solvent Base)
Melting Point: N/AV	Freezing Point: N/AV
Initial Boiling Point: N/AV	Boiling Point Range: N/AV
Flash Point: <0° F (-18° C)	Evaporation Rate: Faster than n-Butyl
	Acetate
Flammability Solid/Gas: Flammable gas	Upper LEL: 1% Lower LEL: 13%
Vapor Pressure: N/AV	Vapor Density: Heavier Than Air
Relative Density: N/AV	Solubility: Negligible
Partition Coefficient:	Auto-ignition Temperature: N/AV
n-octanol/ water: N/AV	
Decomposition Temperature: N/AV	Viscosity: N/AV
Explosive Properties: N/AV	Oxidizing Properties: N/AV

10. Stability & Reactivity

Possibility of hazardous reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur under normal conditions

Chemical stability: Stable under normal conditions Conditions to avoid: Heat and ignition sources Incompatible materials: Strong Oxidizing Agents Hazardous decomposition products: Will not occur

11. Toxicological Information

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Repeated overexposure can also damage kidneys, lungs, liver, heart and blood

Routes of exposure: Eyes, skin, ingestion, and/or inhalation

Acute toxicological data: (Acetone) Acute oral LD50: 5800mg/kg(rat)

(Acetone) LC50: 21000 ppm / 8 hr (rat) (Hexane) LD50: 2870 mg/kg (Rat-Oral)

Eye irritation data: N/AV

Skin irritation/sensitization/absorption data: N/AV Reproductive toxicity data: N/AV

Mutagenicity data: Muta 1B

Symptoms associated with physical contact: N/AV

Acute/chronic effects from short/long

term exposure: Irritating to skin. Prolonged/repeated contact may

cause defatting of the skin which can lead to dermatitis. Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Known reportable carcinogens via the following agencies:

NTP: N/AV

IARC: IARC3:Classification not possible from current data

OSHA: TLV-A4

12. Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity: No Data Available

Persistence and degradability: **No Data Available** Bioaccumulative potential: **No Data Available**

Mobility in soil: No Data Available

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: No Data Available

Other adverse effects: No Data Available

13. Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal: Dispose of material in accordance with EU, national and local requirements.

^{*} Petroleum distillates may contain chemical carcinogens in limited quantities (< 0.01%). These quantities are determined by the supplier/fraction/purity of the distillate during the manufacturing process. Chemicals that may be present within distillates are listed on California's prop 65 list such as ETHYLBENZENE, BENZENE, and TOLUENE.

For proper disposal of used material, an assessment must be completed to determine the proper and permissible waste management options permitted under applicable rules, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

Product / Packaging disposal: Dispose of packaging in accordance with federal, state and local requirements, regulations and/or laws governing your location.

14. Transportation Information

US DOT

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not	Not	Reference 49
			Applicable	Applicable	CFR 172.101

IMDG

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols	2.1	Not	Not	Reference
			Applicable	Applicable	IMDG code
					part 3

IATA:

UN	Proper Shipping Name	Hazard	Packing	Marine	Special
Number		Class	Group	Pollutant	Provisions
UN1950	Aerosols, Flammable	2.1	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Reference IATA Dangerous Goods Regulation

15. Regulatory Information

Workplace classification:

This product is considered hazardous under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). The Occupational Safety and Health Administration's interpretation of the product's hazard to workers.

SARA Title 3:

Section 311/312 Categorizations (40 CFR 372): This product is a hazardous chemical under 29 CFR 1910.1200, and is categorized as an immediate and delayed health, and flammability physical hazard. Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) category. SARA requires reporting any spill of any hazardous substance.

TSCA status: All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

WHMIS: This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the (M)SDS contains all of the information required by the CPR. **PROP 65 (CA):** WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm – www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

16. Other Information

This SDS has been completed in accordance with GHS Rev04 (2011): U.S OSHA, CMA, ANSI, Canadian WHMIS standards, and European Directives.

Date of Preparation/Revision: 8/22/18

Supersedes: 8/10/15

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is believed to be accurate. However, the above data does not imply any guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. The final determination of the suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials made present un-known hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee these are the only hazards existing.